



# Defining semantics for digital twins of façade component testing facilities

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LDAC 2024  
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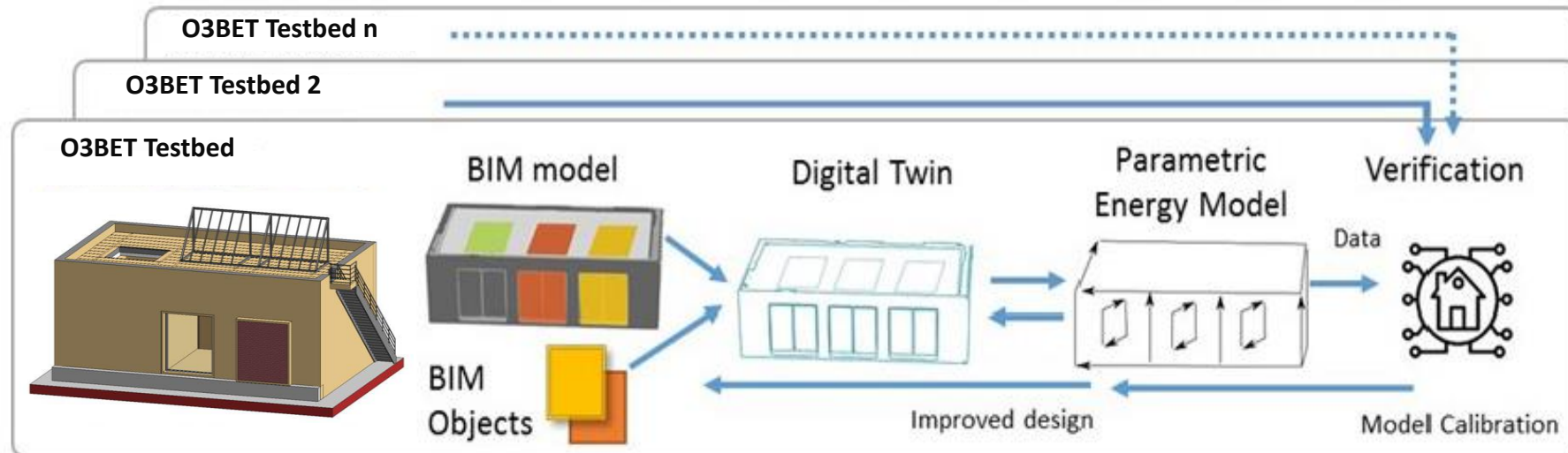


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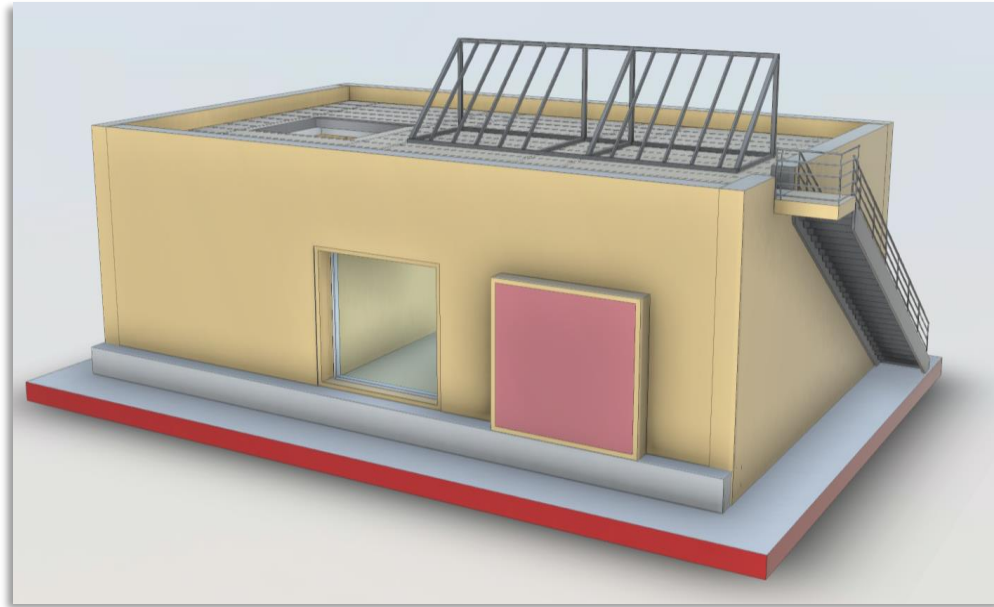


# What is an O3BET-DT?

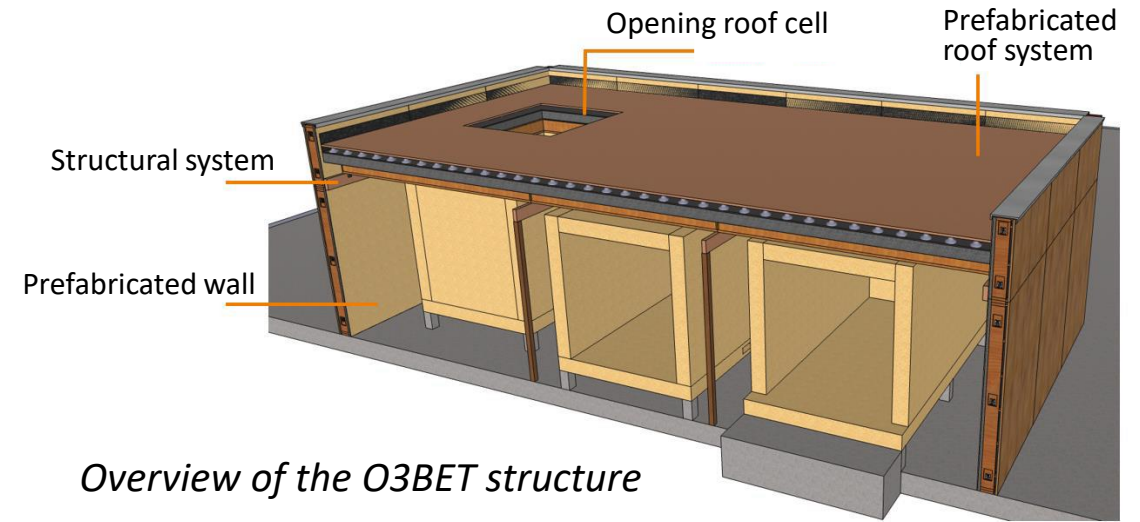
**O3BET** | **Open Source**  
**Open Data**  
**Open Access** | **Building Envelope Testbench**



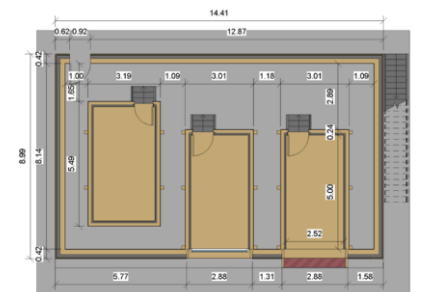
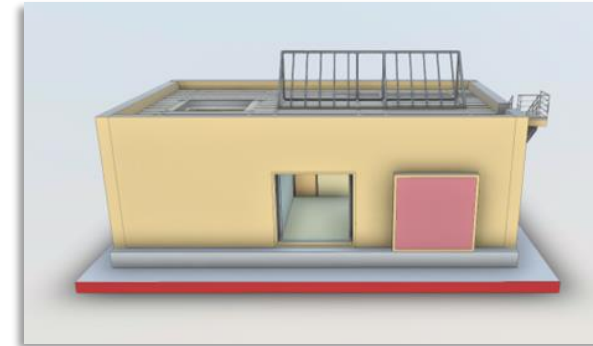
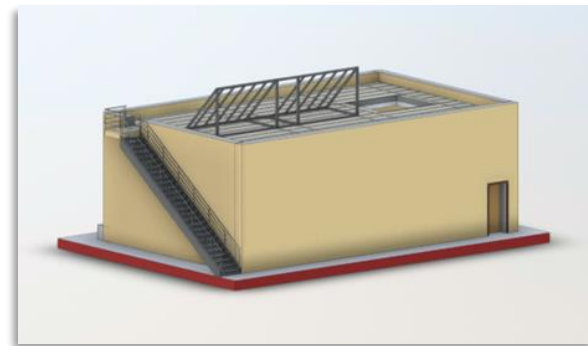
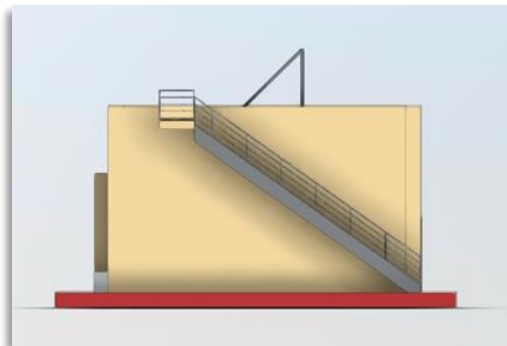
# Design of the O3BET dismountable and movable modules



*Alternative with two façade cells and one roof cell*



*Overview of the O3BET structure*

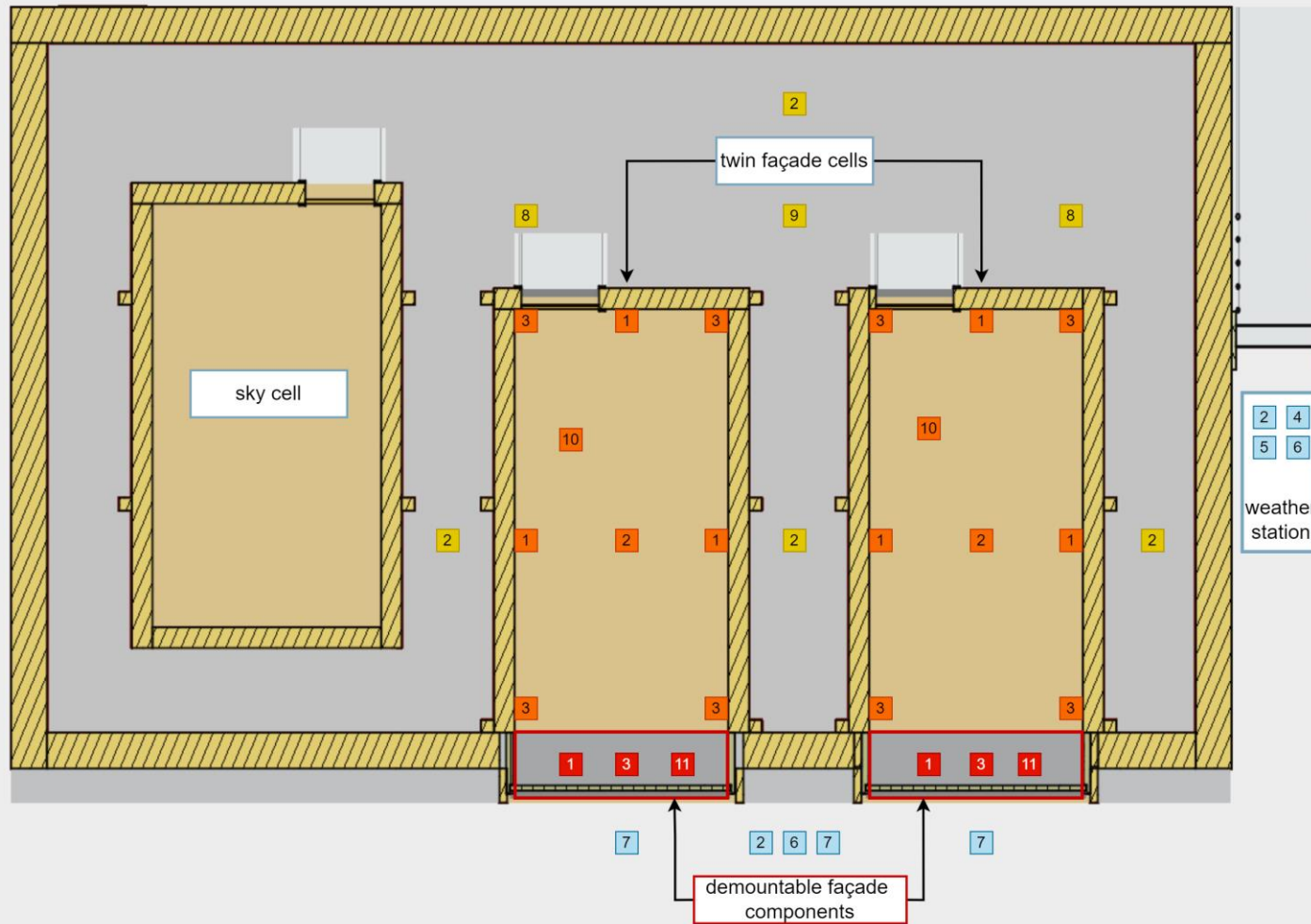




O3BET network in:

- France
- Spain
- Italy
- Sweden
- Poland
- Hungary
- Ireland

# What does an O3BET look like on the inside?



## SCOPES

- Façade element
- Internal (cell)
- Internal (guard zone)
- External

## MEASUREMENTS & DEVICES

- 1 Temperature (surface)
- 2 Temperature (air)
- 3 Heat flux (tiles)
- 4 Humidity
- 5 Rainfall
- 6 Wind speed & direction
- 7 Pyranometer (+diffusometer)
- 8 Power meter
- 9 Tightness test equipment (blower door)
- 10 Actuator for Heater & blower
- 11 Fluxometer

(Boje et al., 2023)

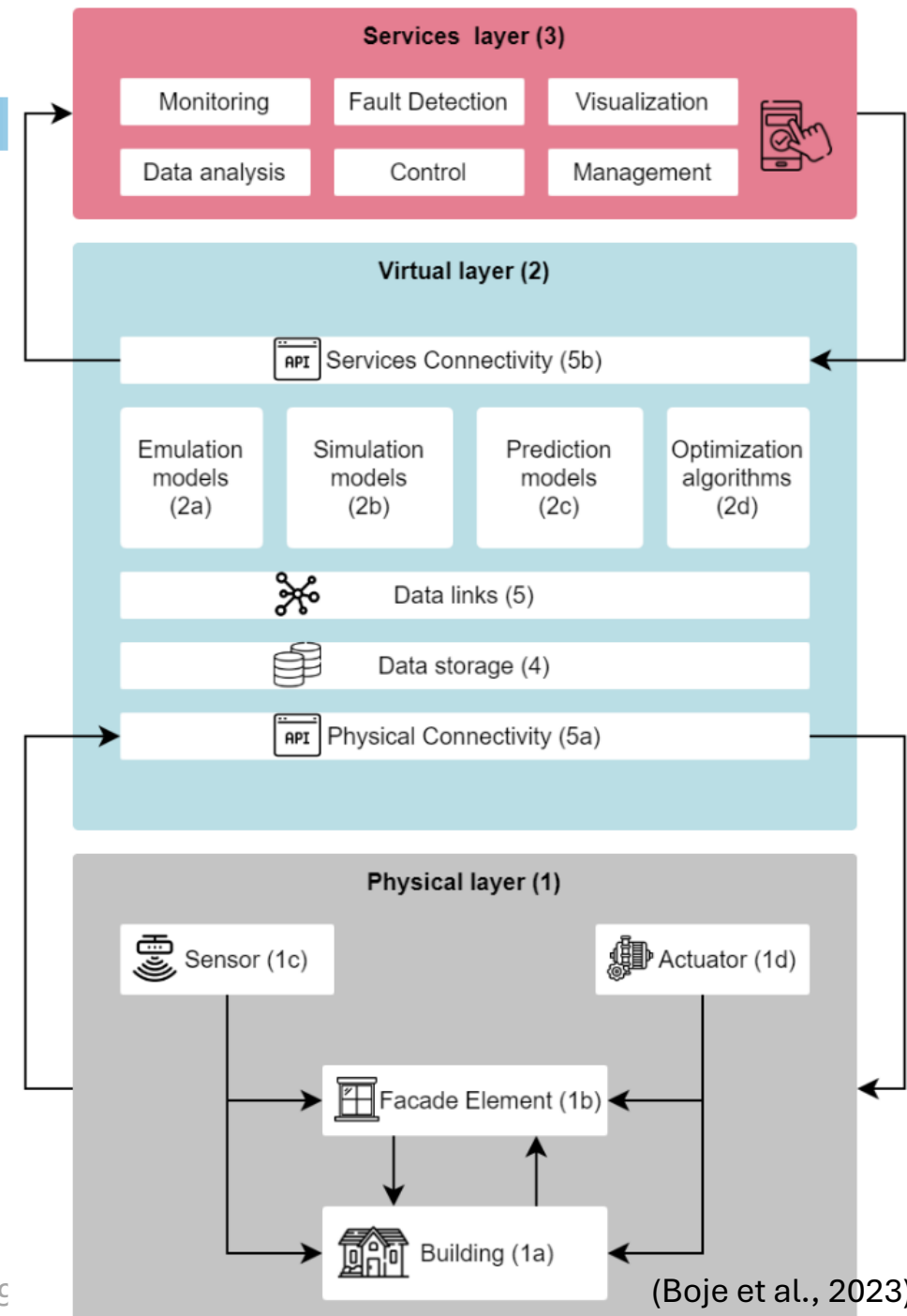
Why do we need a digital twin paradigm?

**Digitalise and streamline** the modular testing process.

**Monitor** the testing environment in different contexts.

**Simulate** different scenarios for novel technologies.

**Explore** design options, models and different applications.



## What are the constraints of the O3BET testing process?

**Procedural** – things which are part of the process: the testing campaign, the different actors and users of the digital twin, etc.

**Spatial** – things which represent the facility spatially, delimitating the motoring, testing and modelling boundaries.

**Equipment and sensing** – facility sensors and actuators, their locations, properties and related components.

**Measurements** – sensor observations, units, properties etc.

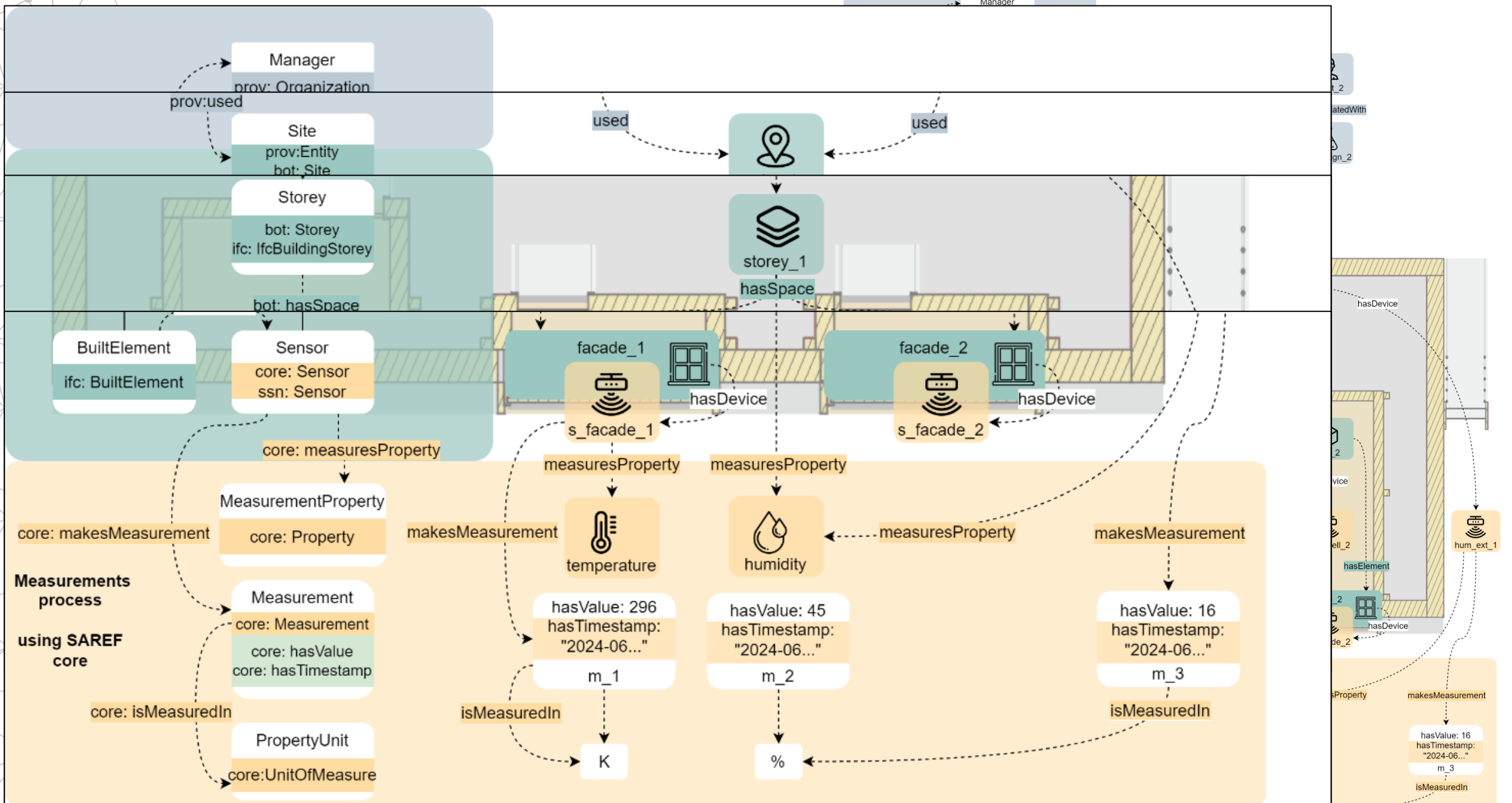
**Virtual system boundaries** – modularity of testing, the connections between the different contexts and digital twin instances (e.g. façade DT, cell DT, facility DT contexts).

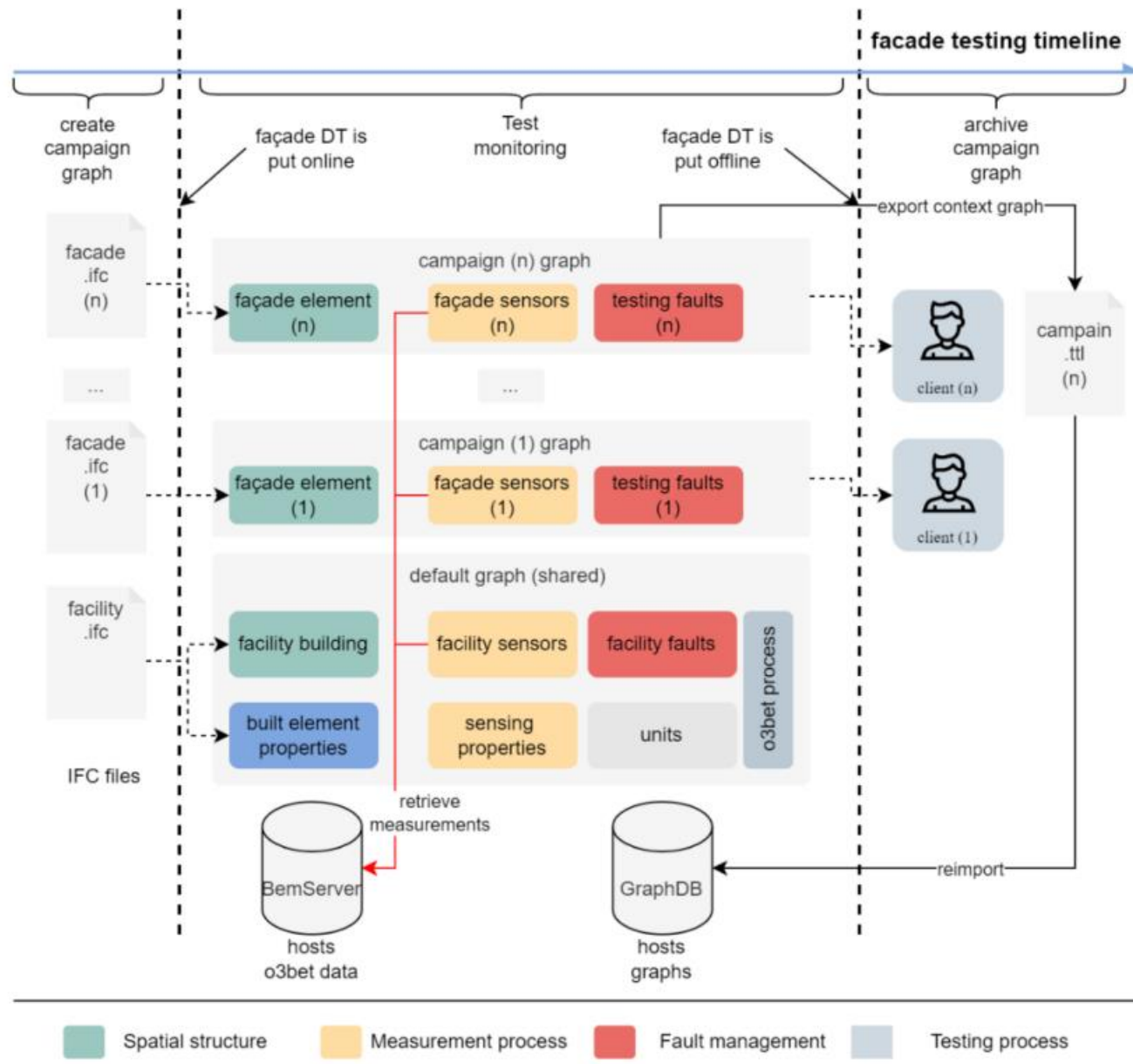
**Table 1**

List of selected ontologies for the O3BET-DT and their requirements coverage

Prefix	Namespace	Coverage
bot	<a href="https://w3c-lbd-cg.github.io/bot/">https://w3c-lbd-cg.github.io/bot/</a>	Spatial, Element
core	<a href="https://saref.etsi.org/core/">https://saref.etsi.org/core/</a>	Sensing, Equipment, Measurements
ifc	<a href="http://standards.buildingsmart.org/IFC/DEV/IFC4_3/OWL#">http://standards.buildingsmart.org/IFC/DEV/IFC4_3/OWL#</a>	Element, Components, Properties,
prov	<a href="https://www.w3.org/TR/prov-o/">https://www.w3.org/TR/prov-o/</a>	Process, Actors
noria	<a href="https://w3id.org/noria/ontology/">https://w3id.org/noria/ontology/</a>	Diagnosis, Fault Detection
props	<a href="http://www.w3id.org/opm#">http://www.w3id.org/opm#</a>	Properties





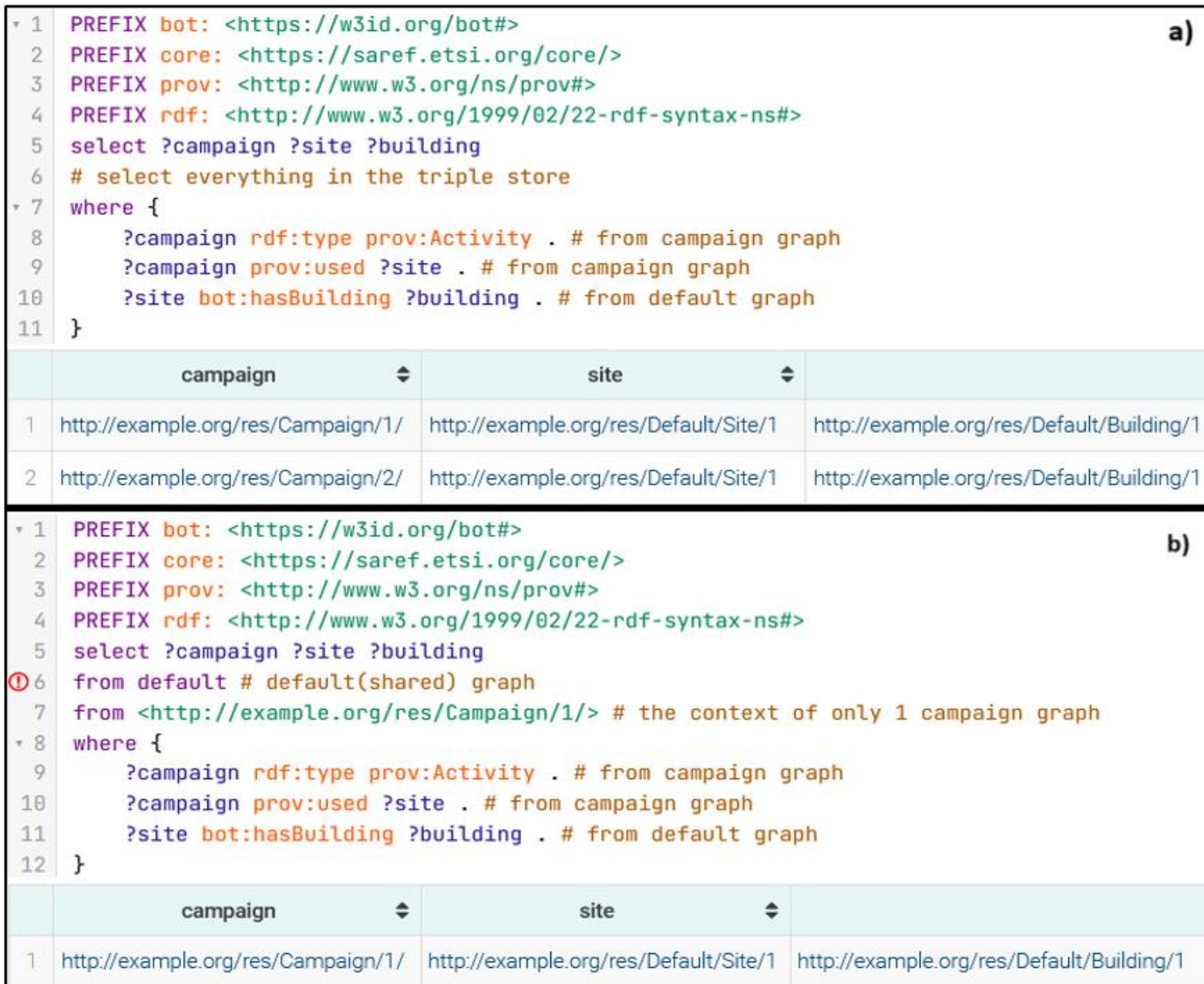


**Figure 2:** Data flows within the test environment, with federation, import and export per testing campaign.

```
1 @base <http://example.org/res/> .
2
3 <Default/Manager/1> a prov:Organization;
4   foaf:name "Nobatek/Inef4" .
5
6 <Default/Site/1> a bot:Site;
7   rdfs:label "site_1";
8   ifc:IfcGloballyUniqueId "3mlLlL$$L9TAv11XnR6S2O";
9   bot:hasBuilding <Default/Building/1> .
10
11 <Default/Building/1> a bot:Building;
12   rdfs:comment "O3BET testing facility";
13   rdfs:label "building_1";
14   ifc:IfcGloballyUniqueId "3mlLlL$$L9TAv11XnR6S2R";
15   bot:hasStorey <Default/Storey/1> ;
16   schema:hasDevice <Default/Sensor/4> .
17
18 <Default/Sensor/4> a core:Sensor;
19   rdfs:label "hum_ext_1" .
20
21 <Default/Storey/1> a bot:Storey;
22   rdfs:label "storey_1";
23   bot:hasSpace <Default/Space/1>, <Default/Space/2>,
24
25 <Default/Space/1> a bot:Space;
26   rdfs:label "cell_1";
27   ifc:IfcGloballyUniqueId "28q5ptbDv7ZQBbWtsNBbvG";
28   schema:hasDevice <Default/Sensor/1> .
29
30 <Default/Sensor/1> a core:Sensor;
31   rdfs:label "hum_cell_1" .
32
33 <Default/MeasurementPropertyType/Temperature> a core:Property;
34   rdfs:label "temperature";
35   core:isMeasuredIn <Default/PropertyUnit/Kelvin> .
36
37 <Default/PropertyUnit/Kelvin> a core:Property;
38   rdfs:label "Kelvin";
39   schema:symbol "K" .

1 @base <http://example.org/res/> .
2
3 <Campaign/1> a prov:Activity;
4   rdfs:label "campaign_1";
5   prov:startedAtTime "2024-06-13T08:30:00.000Z";
6   prov:endedAtTime "2024-06-14T18:19:59.000Z";
7   prov:wasStartedBy <Default/Manager/1>;
8   prov:wasAssociatedWith <Campaign/1/Client/1>;
9   prov:used <Default/Site/1> .
10
11 <Default/Space/1> bot:hasElement <Campaign/1/BuiltElement/1> .
12
13 <Campaign/1/BuiltElement/1> a ifc:IfcBuildingElement;
14   rdfs:label "facade_1";
15   ifc:IfcGloballyUniqueId "1gzL_9brz3BvRXw4rGT1iR";
16   schema:hasDevice <Campaign/1/Sensor/5> .
17
18 <Campaign/1/Sensor/5> a core:Sensor;
19   rdfs:label "sfacade 1";
20   core:measuresProperty <Default/MeasurementPropertyType/Temperature>;
21   core:makesMeasurement <Campaign/1/Measurement/m_1> .
22
23 <Campaign/1/Measurement/m_1> a core:Measurement;
24   core:hasValue "23";
25   core:hasTimestamp "2024-06-14T14:10:10.000Z";
26   core:isMeasuredIn <Default/PropertyUnit/Kelvin> .
27
28 <Campaign/1/Fault/1> a noria:EventRecord;
29   noria:loggingTime "2024-06-14T14:15:11.000Z";
30   noria:logText "sensor reading failure";
31   noria:logOriginatingManagedObject <Campaign/1/Sensor/5> .
32
33 <Campaign/1/Client/1> a prov:Organization ;
34   foaf:name "LDAC 2024" .
```

**Figure 3:** Sample TTL statements of the default graph (left) which is shared, and linked statements in the testing campaign graph (right) outlined in green.



**Figure 4:** Sample SPARQL on retrieving campaigns (a) unspecified, (b) named graphs.

## GraphQL sample

```

1 query SampleQuery($graph: [String!]) {
2   sensor(from: $graph) {
3     rdfs_label
4     makesMeasurement {
5       isMeasuredIn {
6         id
7       }
8       hasValue
9       hasTimeStamp
10    }
11  }
12 }

```

**QUERY VARIABLES**

```

1 {
2   "graph": "http://example.org/res/Campaign/2/"
3 }

```

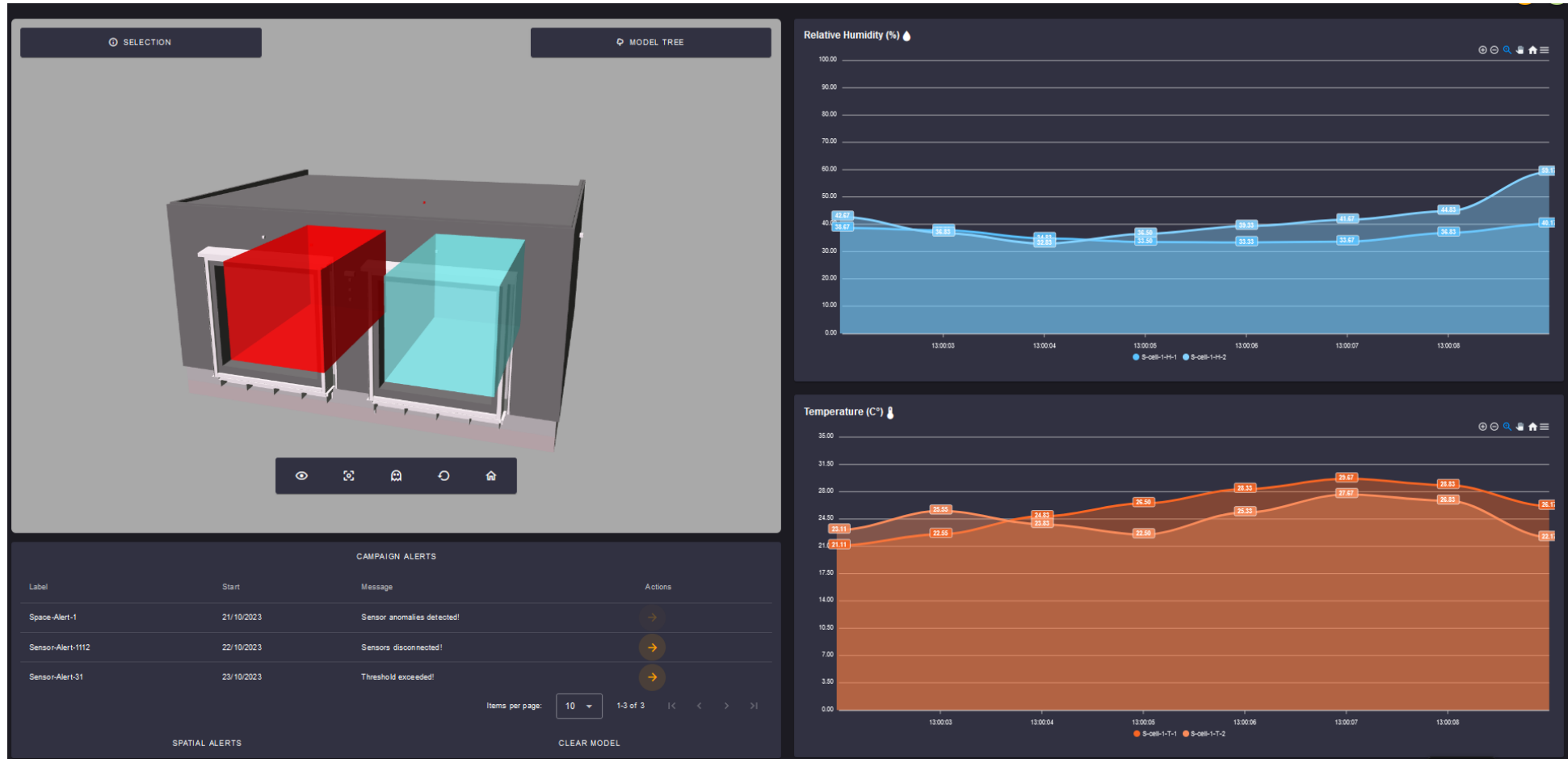
```

{
  "data": {
    "sensor": [
      {
        "rdfs_label": "s_facade_2",
        "makesMeasurement": [
          {
            "isMeasuredIn": {
              "id": "http://example.org/res/Default/PropertyUnit/Kelvin"
            },
            "hasValue": "26",
            "hasTimeStamp": "2024-06-14T14:10:10Z"
          }
        ]
      }
    ]
  }
}

```

**Figure 5:** GraphQL on finding a sensor and its measurements within the context scope of a single campaign.

# Prototype – User Interface development ongoing



The interface is divided into several sections:

- 3D Model View:** Shows a 3D rendering of a room with a red cube and a cyan cube. It includes a 'SELECTION' button, a 'MODEL TREE' button, and a set of navigation icons (eye, rotate, zoom, home).
- Relative Humidity (%) Graph:** A line graph showing humidity levels over time from 13:00:03 to 13:00:08. Two data series are shown: S-sens-1-H-1 (blue) and S-sens-1-H-2 (light blue).
- Temperature (C°) Graph:** A line graph showing temperature levels over the same time period. Two data series are shown: S-sens-1-T-1 (orange) and S-sens-1-T-2 (light orange).
- Campaign Alerts Table:** A table listing alerts with columns for Label, Start, Message, and Actions.

Label	Start	Message	Actions
Space-Alert-1	21/10/2023	Sensor anomalies detected!	→
Sensor-Alert-1112	22/10/2023	Sensors disconnected!	→
Sensor-Alert-31	23/10/2023	Threshold exceeded!	→

Additional UI elements include 'SPATIAL ALERTS' and 'CLEAR MODEL' buttons at the bottom of the interface.



# GraphDB

- Import
- Explore
- Graphs overview**
- Class hierarchy
- Class relationships
- Visual graph
- Similarity
- SPARQL
- Monitor
- Setup
- Lab
- Help

## Graphs overview ?

Showing 1 - 5 of 5 results    Graphs per page: All

Clear repository   
 Export repository

<input type="checkbox"/>		Graphs		
<input type="checkbox"/>		The default graph		
<input type="checkbox"/>		<a href="http://www.list.lu/buildsemantix/campaign/buildingModule/">http://www.list.lu/buildsemantix/campaign/buildingModule/</a>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		<a href="http://www.list.lu/buildsemantix/campaign/iotModule/">http://www.list.lu/buildsemantix/campaign/iotModule/</a>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		<a href="http://example.org/res/Campaign/1/">http://example.org/res/Campaign/1/</a>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		<a href="http://example.org/res/Campaign/2/">http://example.org/res/Campaign/2/</a>		

## Conclusions and future work

**O3BET-DT** – has very specific needs for context creation which is achieved relatively well using semantic web approaches, but not without effort. Modularity of testing is facilitated quite well by adopting a modular connected graph approach.

**Alignment and links** – the O3BET-DT use cases need certain particularities which reuse existing ontologies and extend them with ad-hoc properties or other “abstract” classes to group things

**GraphQL** – very flexible and transparent for the front-end application, but certain functionalities are not usable, such as querying more than one graph in one query.

**Future work** – alert implementation, real-time data tests, production deployment and testing on real use cases





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The Project :

[www.metabuilding-labs.eu](http://www.metabuilding-labs.eu)



The Platform :

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## References

Boje, C., Mack, N., Kubicki, S., López Vidal, A., Casado Sánchez, C., Dugué, A., & Brassier, P. (2023, July 10). *Digital Twin systems for building façade elements testing*. <https://doi.org/10.35490/EC3.2023.240>



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